

August 6, 2002

Ms. Rebecca Brewer Abernathy, Roeder, Boyd & Joplin P.O. Box 1210 McKinney, Texas 75070-1210

OR2002-4322

Dear Ms. Brewer:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 166795.

The City of Frisco (the "city") received a request for the arrest warrant and affidavit for a specified individual and the search warrant and affidavit regarding a specific address. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Initially, we note that the submitted information contains an arrest warrant that has been filed with a court. Documents filed with a court are public documents and must be released. See Gov't Code § 552.022(a)(17) (providing that information contained in a public court record is public information). Section 552.022 of the Government Code makes certain information public, unless it is expressly confidential under other law. As section 552.108 is a discretionary exception, it is not considered "other law" for the purpose of section 552.022(a)(17). Consequently, the arrest warrant and any other submitted record that has been filed with a court may not be withheld under section 552.108 and it must be released.

However, section 552.130 of the Government Code requires the city to withhold information that relates to a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit issued by an agency of this state or a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state. *See* Gov't Code § 552.130. Accordingly, the city must withhold the Texas driver's license information we have marked pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code.

The submitted information also contains search warrant affidavits that are expressly open to the public. A search warrant affidavit is made public by statute if the search warrant has been executed. See Code Crim. Proc art. 18.01(b). Therefore, the city must release the search warrant affidavits contained in the submitted information in their entirety if the search warrants have been executed.

If the search warrants have not been executed, we will address your section 552.108 claim in regard to the search warrant affidavits and the remaining submitted information. Section 552.108(a) excepts from disclosure "[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if: (1) release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime." Generally, a governmental body claiming section 552.108 must reasonably explain, if the information does not supply the explanation on its face, how and why the release of the requested information would interfere with law enforcement. See Gov't Code §§ 552.108(a)(1), (b)(1), .301(e)(1)(A); see also Ex parte Pruitt, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state that the requested information relates to a pending criminal case and investigation. Based upon these representations, we conclude that the release of the nonexecuted search warrant affidavits and the remaining submitted information not discussed above would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. See Houston Chronicle Publ'g Co. v. City of Houston, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases).

However, section 552.108 is inapplicable to basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime. Gov't Code § 552.108(c). We believe such basic information refers to the information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle Publishing Company v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.--Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), writ ref'd n.r.e. per curiam, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976). Thus, with the exception of the basic front page offense and arrest information, you may withhold the non-executed search warrant affidavits and the remaining submitted information from disclosure based on section 552.108(a)(1). We note that you have the discretion to release all or part of the remaining information that is not otherwise confidential by law. Gov't Code § 552.007.

In summary, we conclude that: 1) you must release the arrest warrant we have marked, as well as any other court filed documents, pursuant to section 552.022(a)(17) of the Government Code; 2) you must withhold the Texas driver's license information we have marked pursuant to section 552.130 of the Government Code; 3) if the search warrants have been executed, you must release the search warrant affidavits contained in the submitted information in their entirety; and 4) with the exception of the basic front page offense and arrest information, you may withhold the non-executed search warrant affidavits and the remaining submitted information from disclosure based on section 552.108 of the Government Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

W. Martyanny Marth

W. Montgomery Meitler Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

WMM/sdk

Ref:

ID# 166795

Enc:

Submitted documents

c:

Mr. Fred Pendergraf

One Summit Avenue, #410 Fort Worth, Texas 76102

(w/o enclosures)